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*Voronoi, Sierpinski, Eratosthenes*

We show how to carry out a sieve of Eratosthenes up to  $N$  in space  $O(N^{1/3})$  and essentially linear time. This improves over the usual versions, which take space about  $O(\sqrt{N})$  and essentially linear time. The algorithm – which, like the one in (Galway, 2000), is ultimately related to diophantine approximation – can also be used to factorize integers  $n$ , and thus to give the values of arithmetical functions such as the Möbius function  $\mu$  and the Liouville function  $\lambda$  for all integers up to  $N$ .